

Dark Isosinglet Mesons in $Sp(4)$ Gauge Theory with $N_f = 2$



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$Sp(2N)_c$ Dark Matter models

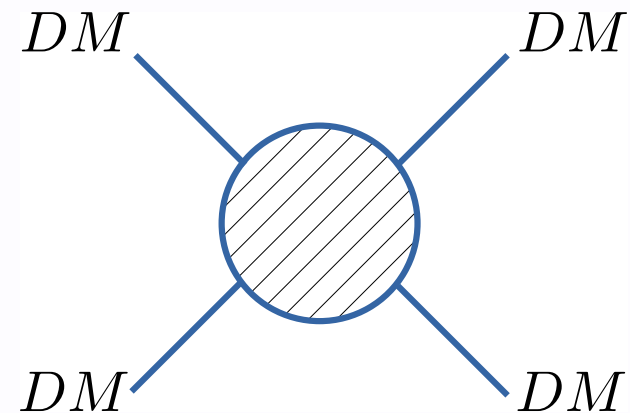
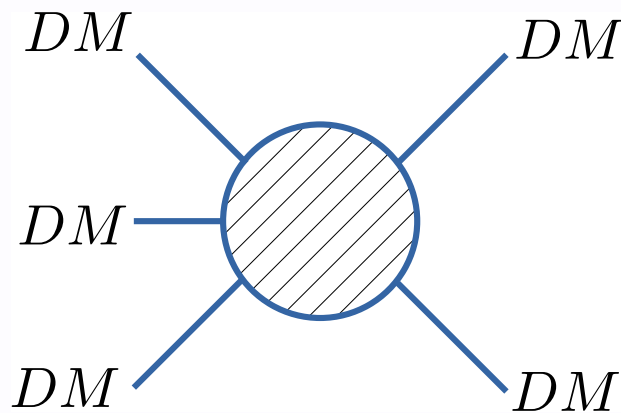
- $N_f = 2$ provides a minimal SIMP model
2 massive fundamental fermions in pseudoreal repr.
 \Rightarrow 5 pseudo-Goldstones π
- Dark pions π are DM candidates.

WIMPs: $2\text{DM} \rightarrow 2\text{SM} \Rightarrow m_D \approx \text{TeV}$

SIMPs: $3\text{DM} \rightarrow 2\text{DM} \Rightarrow m_D \approx \mathcal{O}(100)\text{MeV}$ [1]

Dark Matter Self-Scattering

- $3\pi \rightarrow 2\pi$ scattering sets the DM relic density
- DM self-interactions can address structural issues
 $2\pi \rightarrow 2\pi$ could address "cusp vs. core" problem



Dark sector Lagrangian

- pseudoreal fermion repr. of the "dark quarks"
- Both dark quarks are **massive**
- Currently phenomenologically preferred regime
 $\Rightarrow m_\pi \approx \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ MeV})$ (relic density: $3\pi \rightarrow 2\pi$)
 $\Rightarrow 2\pi \rightarrow 2\pi$ cross-section constrained **[1]**
velocity dependence for DM structure problems?

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{dark}} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \sum_{f=u,d} \bar{\psi}_f (i \not{D} + m_f) \psi_f$$

[1] Andrade et. al. [2012.06611](#) Eckert et. al. [\[2205.01123\]](#)

Global symmetries

QCD with $N_f = 2$

$$U(2) \times U(2)$$

axial anomaly $m_u = m_d = 0$

$$SU(2) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$$

chiral symmetry breaking
and/or explicit breaking $m_u = m_d = 0$
 $m_u = m_d \neq 0$

$$SU(2) \times U(1)$$

strong isospin breaking $m_u \neq m_d$

$$U(1) \times U(1)$$

$Sp(4)_c$ with $N_f = 2$

$$U(4)$$

$m_u = m_d = 0$ axial anomaly

$$SU(4)$$

$m_u = m_d = 0$ chiral symmetry breaking
 $m_u = m_d \neq 0$ *and/or* explicit breaking

$$Sp(4)$$

$m_u \neq m_d$ strong isospin breaking

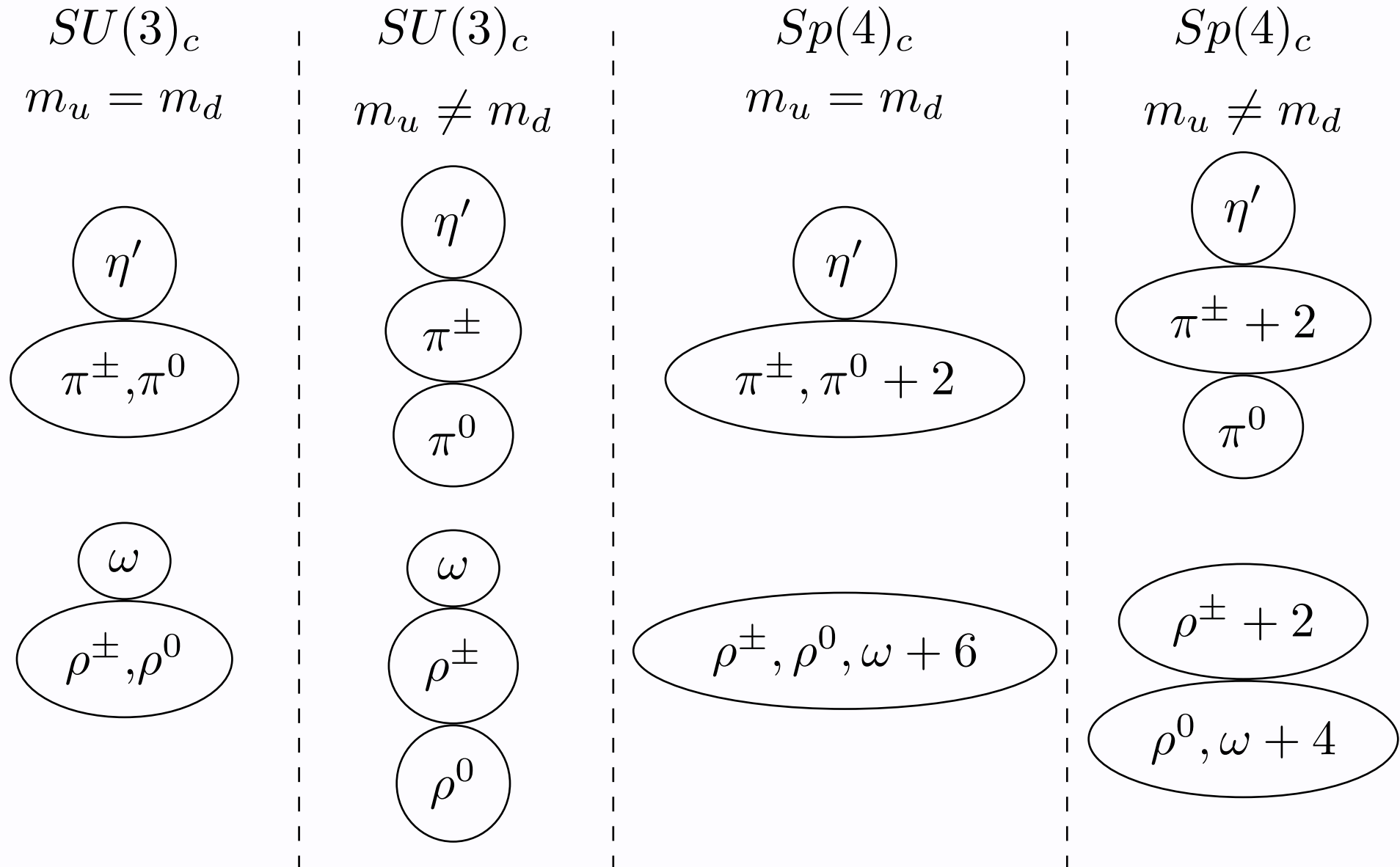
$$SU(2) \times SU(2)$$

see e.g. Kogut et. al. [[hep-ph/0001171](#)], von Smekal [[1205.4205](#)]

Singlet mesons in $Sp(4)$ with $N_f = 2$

- $m_u = m_d$: Every 5-plet has a singlet equivalent
e.g. pseudoscalar η' , scalar σ / f_0
- No mesonic singlets for J^P associated with 10-plet
e.g. the vector meson ω / ϕ is part of multiplet **[1]**
- $m_u \neq m_d$: 5-plet $\rightarrow 4 + 1$, 10-plet $\rightarrow 4 + 6$
e.g. π^0 becomes a singlet **[2]**

Pseudoscalar (PS) and vector (V) multiplets

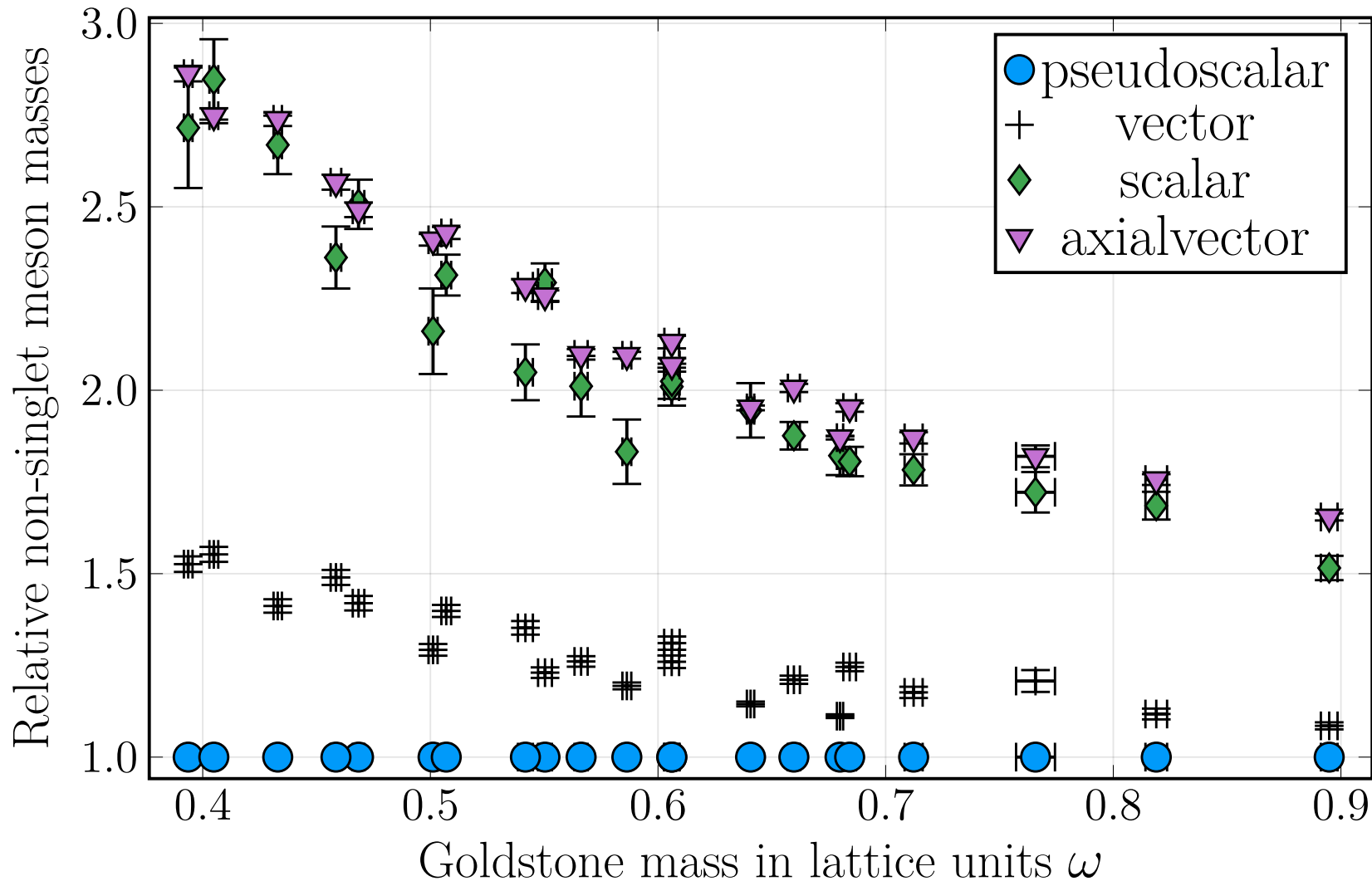


Singlets are relevant for DM!

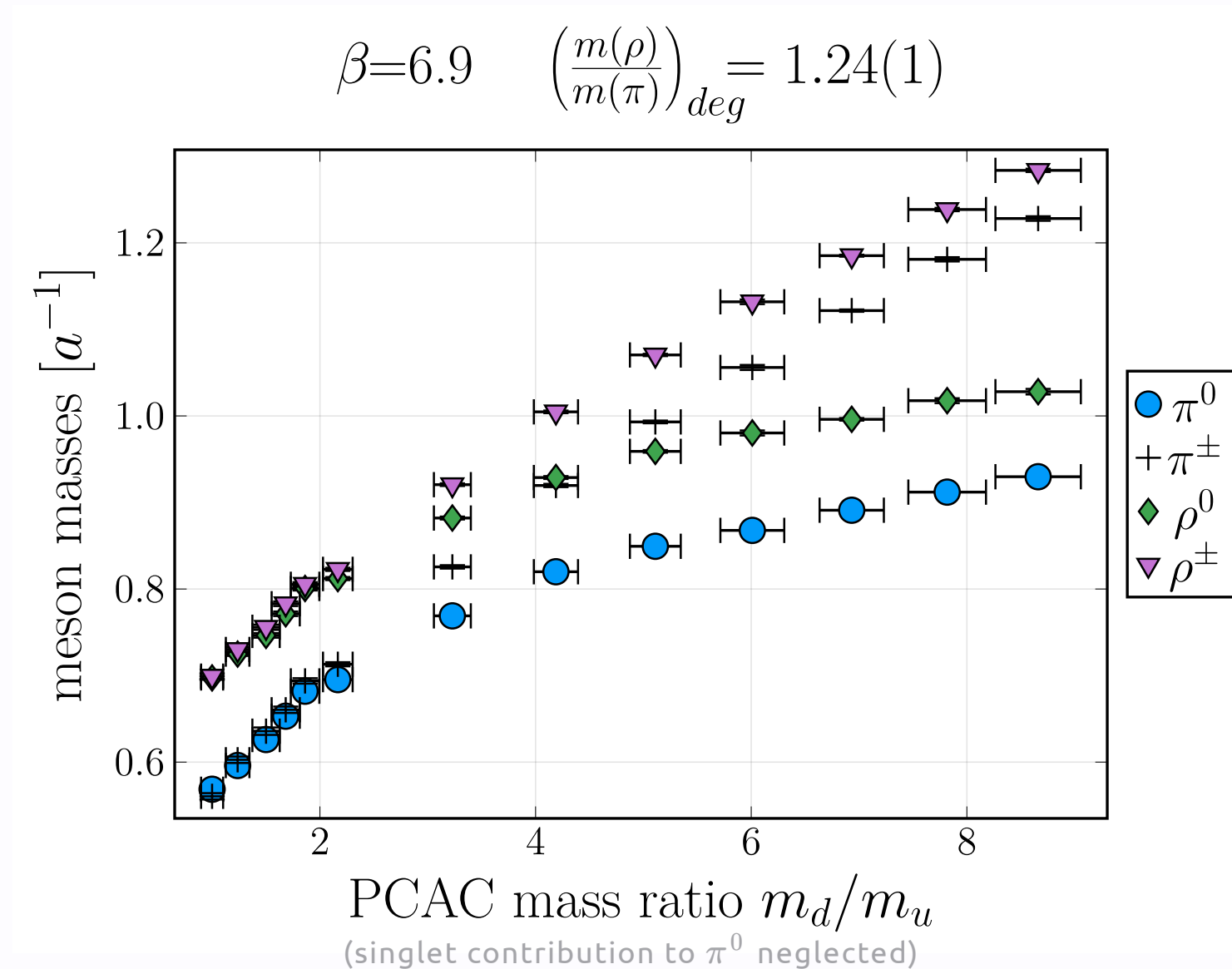
- Not protected by symmetries \Rightarrow decay into SM
- Useful in construction of EFTs?
- Can be involved in scattering processes
- So far never studied in $Sp(2N)$ gauge theory on the lattice

- Non-singlets: $m_u = m_d$ [1909.12662]

$Sp(4)$ with degenerate fermions - data from 1909.12662



- Non-singlets: $m_u \neq m_d$ [2202.05191]



Pseudoscalar singlet η' in other theories

- What about singlet mesons in other theories?
- Two-flavour QCD ($SU(3)_c$ with $N_f = 2$) [1]
 - Different regimes with $m_{\eta'} \approx m_\rho$ and $m_{\eta'} < m_\rho$
 - Absence of strange: $m_{\eta'}$ decreases by $\approx 200\text{MeV}$
- $SU(2)_c$ results are available (light quarks) [2]
 - chiral limit: $m_\pi < m_\rho \approx m_{\eta'}$

Strategy: Start with η' (and π^0 for $m_u \neq m_d$)

- DM candidates are pseudoscalar
 $\Rightarrow \eta'$ possibly relevant for EFT
- Scalar singlet σ / f_0 are technically involved
 \Rightarrow identify useful variance reduction techniques
- Configurations and measurements using **HiRep [1]**

Obtaining a signal

- Diluted noisy sources (Z_2 noise, spin dilution) [1]
- Excited state subtraction in connected pieces [2]
- Unbiased disconnected correlator as in [3]
- Smaller and coarser lattices, heavier fermions

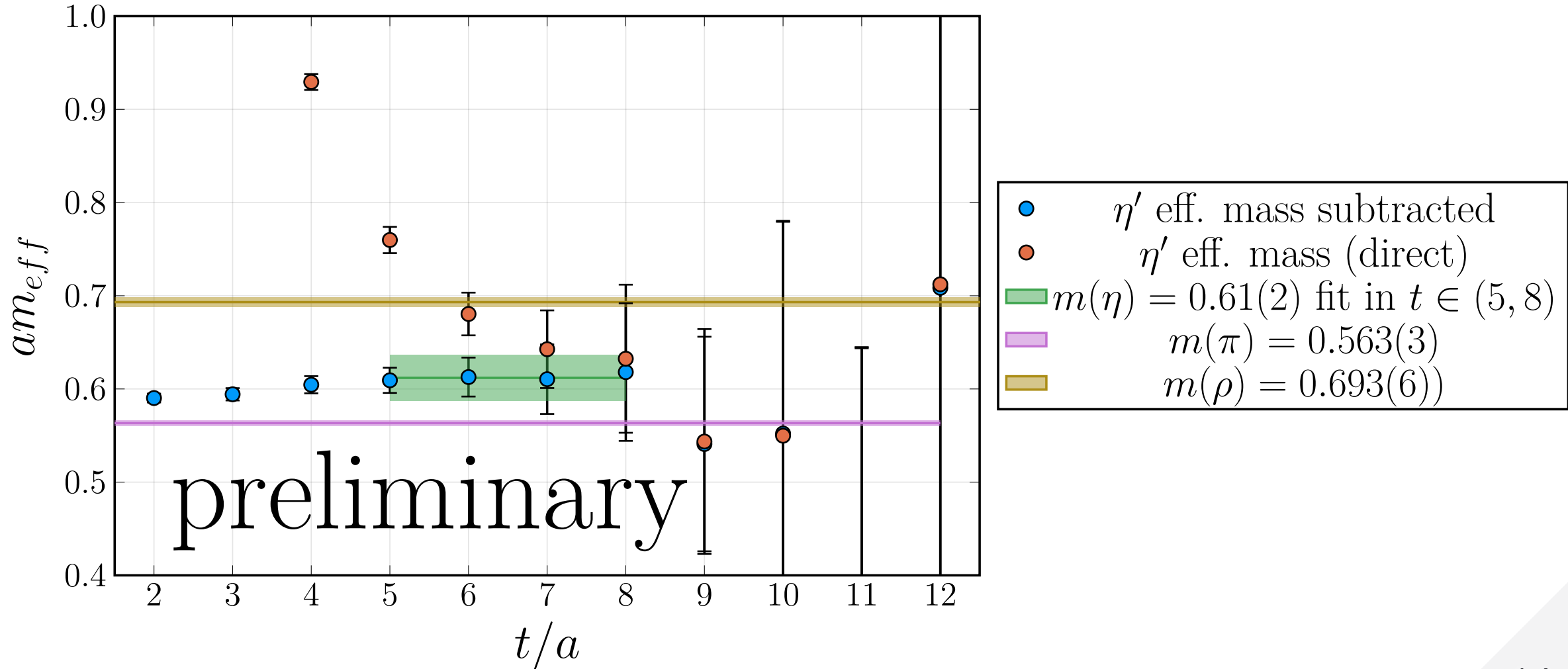
Downsides and current limitations:

- No analysis of systematics
⇒ finite volume and spacing effects expected
- Only a few timeslices of signal

[1] Foley et. al. [[hep-lat/0505023](#)] [2] Neff et. al. [[hep-lat/0106016](#)] [3] Arthur et. al. [[1607.06654](#)]

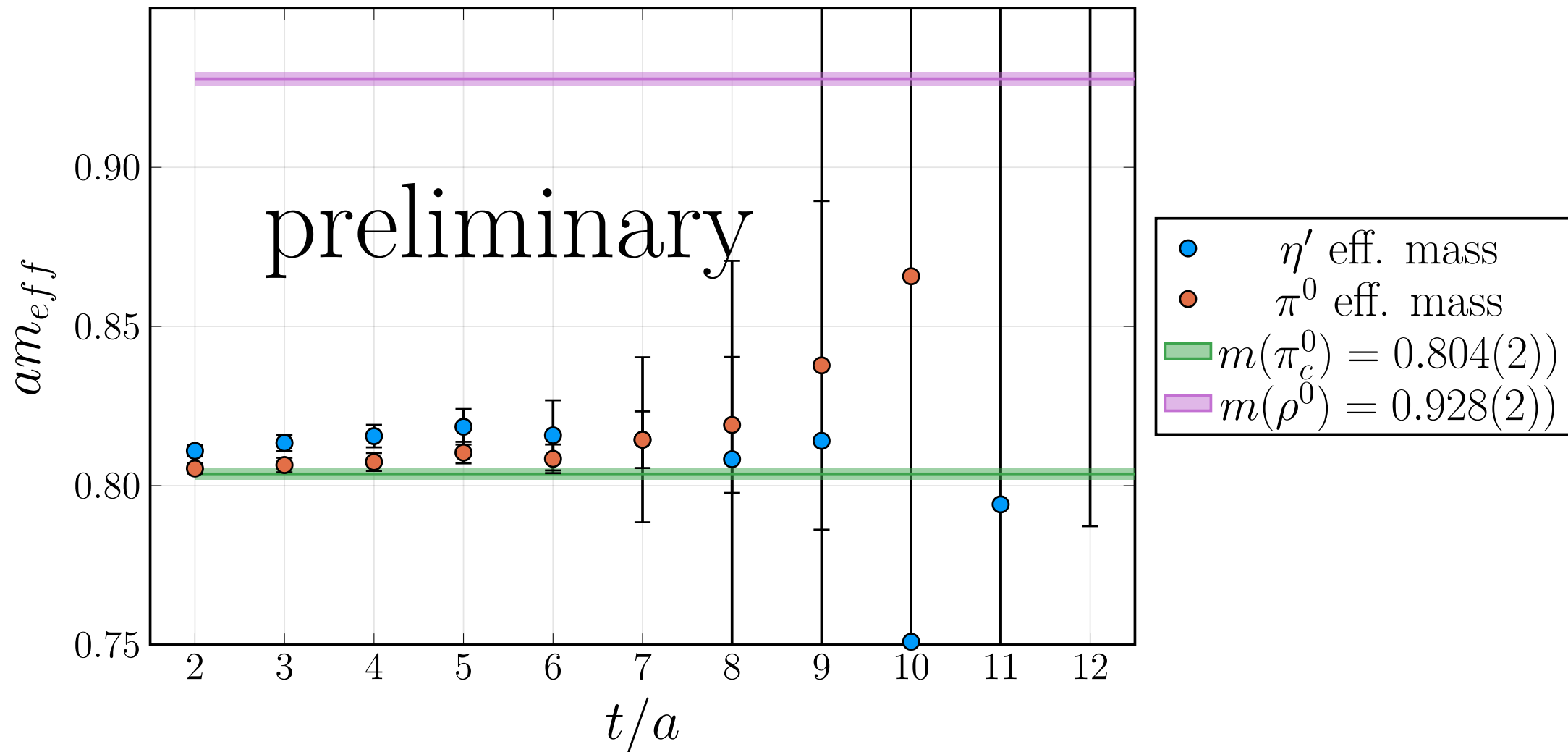
- η' : Degenerate fermions with $m_\rho/m_\pi = 1.24(1)$

$$24 \times 14^3, \beta = 6.9, m_q = -0.9$$



- Non-degenerate: π^0 and η'

$24 \times 14^3, \beta = 6.9, m_u, m_d = -0.9, -0.75$



Self-interactions: Pion scattering length a_0

- First estimate on the ensemble $m_\rho/m_\pi = 1.24(1)$
 $\beta = 6.9, 24 \times 14^3, m_u = m_d$:

- Energy shift extracted as in **[1]** from

$$R(t) = \frac{C_{\pi\pi}(t) - C_{\pi\pi}(t+1)}{C_\pi^2(t) - C_\pi^2(t+1)}$$

- **no systematics**, small lattice, not a full analysis!

$$a_0 = 1.0(5)$$

Experimental constraints: DM self-interaction

- current upper limits at $\sigma/m_D < 0.19\text{cm}^2\text{g}^{-1}$ [1]
and $\sigma/m_D < 0.13\text{cm}^2\text{g}^{-1}$ [2]
- our rough analysis suggests $m_D \geq 100\text{MeV}$
 - compatible with relic density constraints
 - $\sigma(v)$ for core-vs-cusp problem might be needed

Summary/Conclusion

- First look at isosinglet mesons in $Sp(4)$
 - important in composite DM models
 - not always present - e.g. no vector isosinglet
 - first lattice results for η' and π^0
- Estimate on the π scattering length
 - our ensembles are of phenomenological interest

Early, exploratory study. A lot more to do.

Thank you!